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- (a) Antimicrobial compositions and pharmaceutical preparations thereof.

Defensive agents against opportunistic infections containing the composition as effective ingredients.

The compositions exhibit bactericidal effect against methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus spp. (MRSAs) at low concentrations and are useful as antimicrobial agents, particularly for the prevention and treatment of opportunistic infections.

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### EP 0 563 844 A1

difficult.

The peptides of the present invention includes not only natural antimicrobial peptides derived from horseshoe crab but also their derivatives having one to several modified amino acids such as substitution, deletion or elongation exhibiting similar aritimicrobial activity (hereinafter abbreviated as derivatives). These derivatives include peptides which have been replaced their basic and/or aromatic amino acids with the other basic and/or aromatic amino acids, respectively. (see European Patent Application (A1) No. 0502198).

Above mentioned antimicrobial peptides can be extracted from the hemocytes of horseshoe crab such as Limulus polyphemus available in U.S.A., Tachypleus tridentatus available in China and Japan, Tachypleus gigas available in Thailand and Malaya Peninsula and Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda available in Thailand and Malaya Peninsula by known methods. These peptides can be obtained by known peptide synthetic methods such as solid phase synthesis and liquid phase synthesis, or by genetic engineering methods using transformed or transfected microorganisms and animal cells having gene DNA coding for said peptides. Furthermore, said peptides may be acid amide form at the C-terminal amino acid.

The antimicrobial peptides isolated from horseshoe crab contain many basic amino acids such as arginine and lysine showing basic propertyl and may form salts with acids.

The present invention can utilize such pharmaceutically acceptable salts as hydrochloride, sulfate, nitrate, phosphate, formate, acetate, laciate, oxalate, maleate, furnarate, succinate, trifluoroacetate, ptoluenesulfonate, methanesulfonate, and etc.

The \$\textit{\beta}\-lactam antibiotics used in the present invention include cephalosporins and penicillins and any known antibiotics can be used for the present invention. Cephalosporin antibiotics such as cefazolin, cephalexin, cefamandole, cefoxitin, cefmetazole, cefotaxime and cefotetan, and penicillin antibiotics such as ampicillin, hetacillin, talampicillin, bacampicillin and carbenicillin can be illustrated.

Furthermore, the present invention may utilize chloramphenicol.

The antimicrobial compositions of the present invention composed of antimicrobial peptides isolated from horseshoe crab, their derivatives or pharmaceutically acceptable salts and a  $\beta$ -lactam antibiotic or chloramphenicol antibiotic exhibit potent antimicrobial activities against Gram positive bacteria including MRSAs and Gram negative bacteria at low concentrations. Therefore, the compositions are useful as antimicrobial medical agents for the prevention and treatment of infections of respiratory tract, wounds and urogenital tract, and otorhinolaryngological and ophthalmological infections, and sepsis.

The compositions may be used for the prevention and treatment of stomatitis, periodontitis, dental caries and so forth caused by oral microor panisms.

The compositions are particularly effective against MRSAs at low concentrations, thus can be applied for the prevention and treatment of patients in critical condition caused by MRSA infections of deeper lying organs and opportunistic infectious diseases of immunocompromised patients due to the dosage of anticancer agents or immunosuppressive agents.

Furthermore, above mentioned compositions may be used for gargles and disinfectants for the prevention of nosocomial infections of MRSAs from infected patients or carriers to the other hospitalized patients and members of the institute free from MRSA.

The antimicrobial compositions of the present invention can be used to prepare various pharmaceutical preparations using conventional carriers, fillers, binders, disintegrators, lubricants, sweeteners and so forth by known methods. The resultant compositions may be administered orally as solid preparations such as tablets, capsules, granules, powder preparations and troches, and liquid preparations such as syrup and elixirs. The compositions can be administered parenterally as injections, for example intravenous and intramuscular injections, or spray forms such as serosol preparations. Furthermore, the compositions may take forms of topical preparations such as suppositories, ointments and cataplasms.

In the compositions of the present invention, the weight ratios of the antimicrobial peptides derived from horseshoe crab, their derivatives or pharmaceutically acceptable salts and  $\beta$ -lactam antibiotics or chloram-phenical antibiotics are generally 1:0.5 to 1:50, but may be modified according to the properties of the antibiotics. The resultant compositions are administered preferably at doses of 0.1-100 mg/kg/day in several portions though the doses may vary with the symptoms and ages of patients. The compositions exhibit minimum inhibitory antimicrobial activities at doses of 1/2 or lower to those of single administration of the antimicrobial peptides derived from horsest one crab with less toxic adverse effects.

The antimicrobial effect of the composition of the present invention will be shown by the following experiments.

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#### EP 0 563 844 A1

results against MRSA No. 3-50 strain are shown in the following Tables.

(i) Combinations of tachyplesin I (TAC-I) and cefazolin (CEZ)

Table 1

CEZ (µg/ml)		TAC-I (μg/ml)			
		0	0.4	0.8	1.6
0		+	+	+ ]	+
10	1	+	+	+	+
20	;	+	+	+	-
40	4	•	-	- [	-

(ii) Combinations of tachyplesin I (TAC-I ) and ampicillin (ABPC)

Table 2

ABPC (µg/ml)	<del></del>	TAC-I	(µg/ml)	<del></del>
1	0	0.4	0.8	1.6
0	+	+	+	+
10	+	+	+	+
- shows no growth				

(iii) Combinations of tachyplesin I (TAC-I ) and chloramphenicol (CP)

Table 3

CP (µg/ml)	TAC-I (µg/ml)			
	0	0.4	8.0	1.6
0	+	+	+	+
5	+	+	+	+
10	+	+	+	- '
20	+	+	+	-
In the Table, + shows growth - shows no growth				

As shown in the above Tables, concurrent administration of tachyplesin I and cefazolin, ampicillin or chloramphenical exhibited remarkably enhanced antimicrobial effect at a concentration of 1.6 µg/ml of tachyplesin I in comparison with that of 3.2 µg/ml for single administration of tachyplesin I. Combinations of polyphemusin II and above mentioned antibiotics were also investigated and the combinations and single administrations showed MIC of 1.6 and 3.3 µg/ml, respectively. Thus marked synergistic effects in the

#### EP 0 563 844 A1

- 2. The composition according to claim 1, wherein the antimicrobial peptide isolated from horseshoe crab hemocyte is at least one peptide selected from a group of tachyplesin II, tachyplesin III, polyphemusin I, polyphemusin II and gigasin II.
- The composition according to claim 1, wherein the β-lactam antibiotic is at least one cephalosporin
  antibiotic selected from a group of cefazolin, cephalexin, cefamandole, cefoxitin, cefmetazole, cefotaxime and cefotetan.
- The composition according to claim 1 wherein the β-lactam antibiotic is at least one penicillin antibiotic selected from a group of ampicillin, hetacillin, talampicillin, bacampicillin and carbenicillin.
  - 5. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antimicrobial peptide isolated from horseshoe crab hemocyte, its derivative or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt, and in mixture with at least one antibiotic selected from a group of β-lactam antibiotic and chloramphenicol antibiotic.
  - 6. The antiopportunistic infection composition comprising an antimicrobial peptide isolated from horseshoe crab hemocyte, its derivative or its pharmaceutical acceptable salt, and in mixture with at least one antibiotic selected from a group of β-kictam antibiotic and chloramphenical antibiotic.

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# EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

	DOCUMENTS CONS	idered to be rele	VANT	EP 93105145.2
Category	Citation of document with of relevant	indication, where appropriate,	Relevant to chim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (IM. CL.5)
A	LTD)  * Abstract page 2.	4 410 CEUTICAL CO., ; claims 1,4,6; lines 10-32,42-44 lines 15-29 *	1,3,4	A 61 K 37/02 A 61 K 31/165 A 61 K 31/43 A 61 K 31/545
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CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS  X: particularly reterant (I taken alone Y: particularly reterant if combined with another decoment of the same category A: technological background O: non-written displayare		E earlier par after the () other D : document	orinciple underlying the constraint, but publing date date died for other reasons	lished on, or

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Dm & (a) 42 039/041

Information on patent family members

International Application No PCT/CA 01/00918

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International application No. PCT/CA 01/00918

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Box I Observations where certain claims	were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This International Search Report has not been established	illshed in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
	equired to be searched by Ihls Authority, namely:
Although claims 8-35 are	directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal carried out and based on the alleged effects of the
Claims Nos.: 36 because they relate to parts of the International an extent that no meaningful International for the internatio	onal Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such Search can be carried out, specifically:
see FURTHER INFORMATION	
a Commander	; ·
Claims Nos.:  because they are dependent claims and	e not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
	;
Box II Observations where unity of Invent	tion is lacking (Continuation of Item 2 of first sheet)
This International Searching Authority found multipli	e inventions in this International application, as follows:
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As all required additional search fees were searchable claims.	timely pald by the applicant, this international Search Report covers all
seachable Maille.	
	and a second
As all searchable claims could be searched of any additional fee.	d without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment
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3. As only some of the regulard additional set	tarch fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report
covers only those claims for which fees w	ere pald, specifically claims Nos.
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No required additional search fees were the restricted to the invention first mentioned to the invention first mention for the invention for the inve	mely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international Search Report is in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
	·
Remark on Protest	The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
	No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.
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International Application No. PCT/CA 01 D0918

# FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box I.2

Claims Nos.: 36

Present claim 36 relates to a compound defined by reference to a desirable characteristic or property, namely made of two antiparallel beta strands and comprising a beta hairpin loop and having antimicrobial activity.

whereas the application provides support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT and/or disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT for only a very limited number of such compounds. In the present case, the claim so lacks support, and the application so lacks disclosure, that a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope is impossible. Independent of the above reasoning, the claim also lack clarity (Article 6 PCT). An attempt is made to define the compound by reference to a result to be achieved. Again, this lack of clarity in the present case is such as to render a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope impossible. Consequently, no search has been carried out for the subject matter of claim 36.

The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that claims, or parts of claims, relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established need not be the subject of an international preliminary examination (Rule 66.1(e) PCT). The applicant is advised that the EPO policy when acting as an International Preliminary Examining Authority is normally not to carry out a preliminary examination on matter which has not been searched. This is the case irrespective of whether or not the claims are amended following receipt of the search report or during any Chapter II procedure.